

KNOW

Ratification	Popular Sovereignty	Veto
Anti-Federalists	Separation of Powers	Judicial Review
Federalists	Checks and Balances	Reserved Powers
Federalist Papers	Judicial Review	10 <sup>th</sup> Amendment
Preamble	Federalism	Expressed Powers
Virginia Plan	Limited Government	Exclusive Powers
New Jersey Plan	Constitution	Concurrent Powers
Great Compromise	Constitutional Convention	Supremacy Clause
Amendment	George Washington	Due process
Bill of Rights	Legislative Branch	Ex post Facto Laws
Unconstitutional	Judicial Branch	Writ of Habeas Corpus
James Madison	Executive Branch	
Rule of Law	Impeach	

BE ABLE TO answer the following:

- What were the main ideas in the debate over ratification?
- What is the purpose of government, according to the Preamble of the US Constitution?
- What are the principles upon which the US Constitution is based?
- What are the powers of the three branches of government?
- What is the relationship between the three branches of government under the system of checks and balances?
- How does checks and balances place limits on government?
- How is the US government a federal government?
- What are the powers given to the national government?
- What are the powers given to the state governments?
- What are the powers shared between the national and state governments?
- What are the powers denied to both the state and national governments?
- How does the supremacy clause secure sovereignty of the United States?

STANDARDS**SSCG3 The student will demonstrate knowledge of the United States Constitution.**

- Explain the main ideas in debate over ratification; include those in The Federalist.
- Analyze the purpose of government stated in the Preamble of the United States Constitution.
- Explain the fundamental principles upon which the United States Constitution is based; include the rule of law, popular sovereignty, separation of powers, checks and balances, and federalism.

**SSCG4 The student will demonstrate knowledge of the organization and powers of the national government.**

- Describe the structure and powers of the legislative, executive, and judicial branches.
- Analyze the relationship between the three branches in a system of checks and balances and separation of powers.

**SSCG5 The student will demonstrate knowledge of the federal system of government described in the United States Constitution.**

- Explain the relationship of state governments to the national government.
- Define the difference between enumerated and implied powers.
- Describe the extent to which power is shared.
- Identify powers denied to state and national governments.
- Analyze the ongoing debate that focuses on the balance of power between state and national governments.
- Analyze the supremacy clause found in Article VI and the role of the U.S. Constitution as the “supreme law of the land.”